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Exam : **HAAD-RN**

Title : HAAD Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses

Version : DEMO

1.The rationale for having the patient void before an abdominal paracentesis procedure is to:
A. Minimize discomfort
B. Avoid abdominal distention
C. Prevent bladder puncture
D. Reduce infection rate
Answer: C

2.The minimal amount of urine that a post-operative patient weighing 60 kgs should pass is?
A. 120 ml/hr
B. 90 ml/hr
C. 60 ml/hr
D. 30 ml/hr
Answer: D

3.An 85-year-old man is admitted with dementia. He continuously attempts to remove his nasogastric tube. The nurse applies cloth wrist restraints as ordered.
Which of the following actions by the nurse is most appropriate?
A. Evaluate the need to restrain by observing patient's behavior once every 24 hrs
B. Perform circulation checks to the extremities every two hours
C. Remove the restraints when the patient is sleeping
D. Instruct family to limit physical contact with the patient
Answer: B

4.A medication was ordered by a physician. The nurse believes the medication dose is incorrect.
What should the nurse do next?
A. Clarify the order with another physician who is available on the unit
B. Ask the nurse in charge if the order is correct
C. Contact the pharmacy department
D. Call the physician who prescribed the medication
Answer: D

5.A patient is admitted to a hospital with acute renal failure. The patient wakes up complaining of abdominal pain. On assessment, the nurse observes edema to the patient's ankles and distended neck veins. The patient is dyspneic with a blood pressure of 200/96 mmHg.
The proper nursing diagnosis for this patient is:
A. Deficient fluid volume related to disease process
B. Excess fluid volume related to decreased glomerular filtration rate
C. Knowledge deficit related to proper medication regimen
D. Acute pain related to renal edema
Answer: B