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Exam : **ISO-IEC-27001 Lead Auditor**

Title : **PECB Certified ISO/IEC
27001 Lead Auditor exam**

Version : **DEMO**

1.What is the difference between a restricted and confidential document?

- A. Restricted - to be shared among an authorized group
Confidential - to be shared among named individuals
- B. Restricted - to be shared among named individuals
Confidential - to be shared among an authorized group
- C. Restricted - to be shared among named individuals
Confidential - to be shared across the organization only
- D. Restricted - to be shared among named individuals
Confidential - to be shared with friends and family

Answer: B

Explanation:

The difference between a restricted and confidential document is that a restricted document is to be shared among named individuals, while a confidential document is to be shared among an authorized group. Restricted and confidential are examples of information classification levels that indicate the sensitivity and value of information and the degree of protection required for it. Restricted documents contain information that could cause serious damage or harm to the organization or its stakeholders if disclosed to unauthorized persons. Therefore, they should only be accessed by specific individuals who have a legitimate need to know and are authorized by the information owner. Confidential documents contain information that could cause damage or harm to the organization or its stakeholders if disclosed to unauthorized persons. Therefore, they should only be accessed by a defined group of people who have a legitimate need to know and are authorized by the information owner. ISO/IEC 27001:2022 requires the organization to classify information in terms of legal requirements, value, criticality and sensitivity to unauthorized disclosure or modification (see clause A.8.2.1).

Reference: CQI & IRCA Certified ISO/IEC 27001:2022 Lead Auditor Training Course, ISO/IEC 27001:2022 Information technology — Security techniques — Information security management systems — Requirements, What is Information Classification?

2.CEO sends a mail giving his views on the status of the company and the company's future strategy and the CEO's vision and the employee's part in it. The mail should be classified as

- A. Internal Mail
- B. Public Mail
- C. Confidential Mail
- D. Restricted Mail

Answer: A

Explanation:

The mail sent by the CEO giving his views on the status of the company and the company's future strategy and the CEO's vision and the employee's part in it should be classified as internal mail. Internal mail is a type of classification that indicates that the information is intended for internal use only, and should not be disclosed to external parties without authorization. The mail sent by the CEO contains information that is relevant and important for the employees of the company, but may not be suitable for public disclosure, as it may contain sensitive or confidential information about the company's performance, goals, or plans.

Reference: CQI & IRCA ISO 27001:2022 Lead Auditor Course Handbook, page 34. : CQI & IRCA ISO 27001:2022 Lead Auditor Course Handbook, page 37. : [ISO/IEC 27001 LEAD AUDITOR - PECB], page

14.

3.You see a blue color sticker on certain physical assets.

What does this signify?

- A. The asset is very high critical and its failure affects the entire organization
- B. The asset with blue stickers should be kept air conditioned at all times
- C. The asset is high critical and its failure will affect a group/s/project's work in the organization
- D. The asset is critical and the impact is restricted to an employee only

Answer: C

Explanation:

You see a blue color sticker on certain physical assets. This signifies that the asset is high critical and its failure will affect a group/s/project's work in the organization. A blue color sticker is a type of label that indicates the level of criticality of an asset, which is a measure of how important an asset is for the organization's operations and objectives. A high critical asset is an asset that has a significant impact on the organization's activities, and its loss or damage would cause major disruption or loss of service. A blue color sticker also implies that the asset requires a high level of protection and security, and should be handled with care.

Reference: CQI & IRCA ISO 27001:2022 Lead Auditor Course Handbook, page 36. : [ISO/IEC 27001 Brochures | PECB], page 6.

4.Integrity of data means

- A. Accuracy and completeness of the data
- B. Data should be viewable at all times
- C. Data should be accessed by only the right people

Answer: A

Explanation:

Integrity of data means accuracy and completeness of the data. Integrity is one of the three main objectives of information security, along with confidentiality and availability. Integrity ensures that information and systems are not corrupted, modified, or deleted by unauthorized actions or events. Data should be viewable at all times is not related to integrity, but to availability. Data should be accessed by only the right people is not related to integrity, but to confidentiality.

Reference: CQI & IRCA ISO 27001:2022 Lead Auditor Course Handbook, page 24. : [ISO/IEC 27001 Brochures | PECB], page 4.

5.You have a hard copy of a customer design document that you want to dispose off.

What would you do

- A. Throw it in any dustbin
- B. Shred it using a shredder
- C. Give it to the office boy to reuse it for other purposes
- D. Be environment friendly and reuse it for writing

Answer: B

Explanation:

The best way to dispose of a hard copy of a customer design document is to shred it using a shredder. This is because shredding ensures that the document is destroyed and cannot be reconstructed or

accessed by unauthorized persons. A customer design document may contain sensitive or confidential information that could cause harm or damage to the customer or the organization if disclosed. Therefore, it is important to protect the confidentiality and integrity of the document until it is securely disposed of. Throwing it in any dustbin, giving it to the office boy to reuse it for other purposes, or reusing it for writing are not secure ways of disposing of the document, as they could expose the document to unauthorized access, theft, loss or damage. ISO/IEC 27001:2022 requires the organization to implement procedures for the secure disposal of media containing information (see clause A.8.3.2).

Reference: CQI & IRCA Certified ISO/IEC 27001:2022 Lead Auditor Training

Course, ISO/IEC 27001:2022 Information technology — Security techniques — Information security management systems — Requirements, What is Secure Disposal?